International Continental Scientific Drilling Program



Carottages Lacustres & Continenteaux

Satillieu, April 3 - 6, 2012

Uli Harms

ICDP Executive Secretary
German Research Centre for Geosciences - GFZ

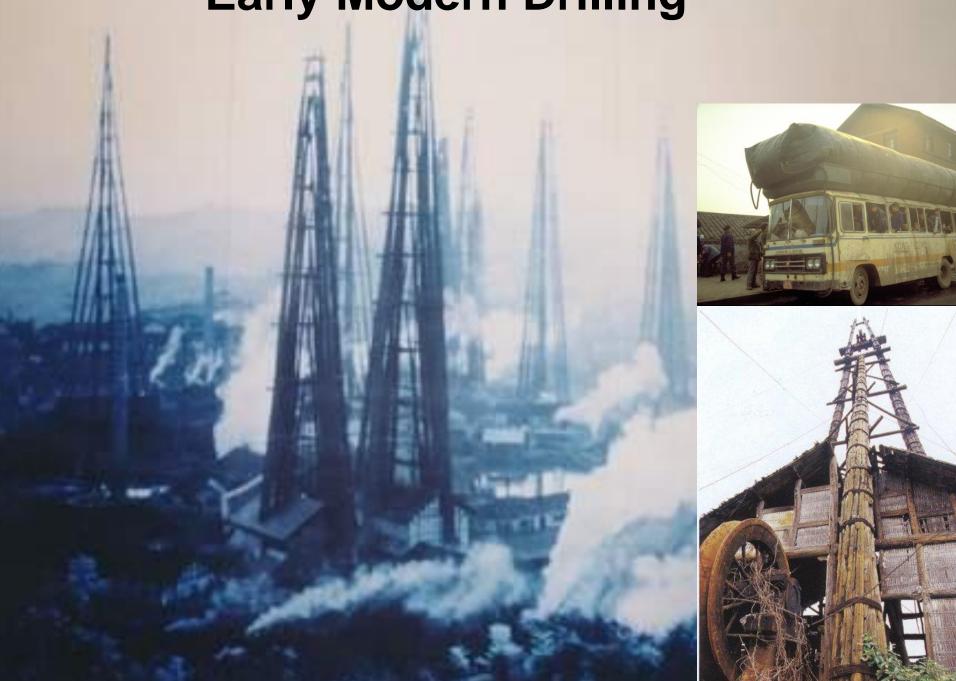


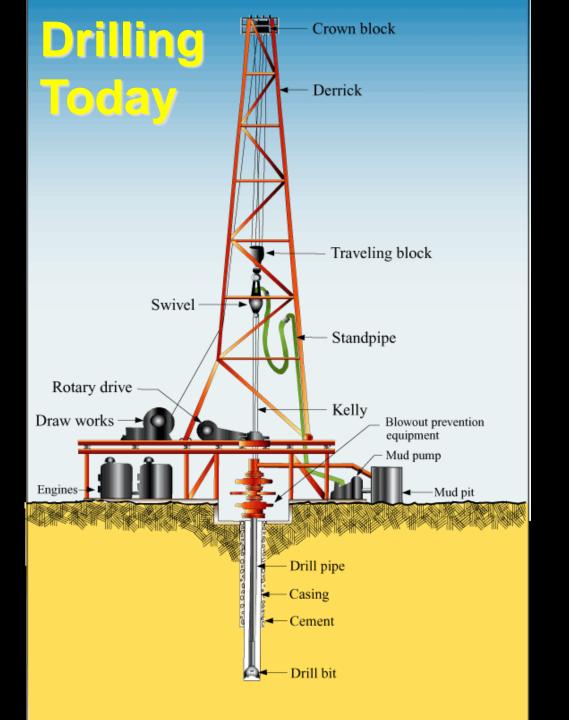
Ancient Drilling in Szichuan

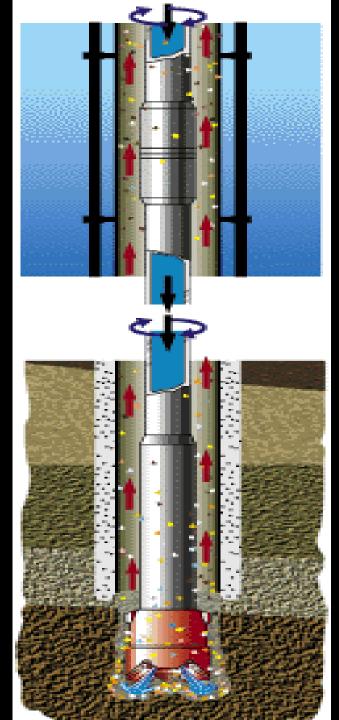


Deep drilling since 10. century A.D.; rolled painting from about 1750

Early Modern Drilling







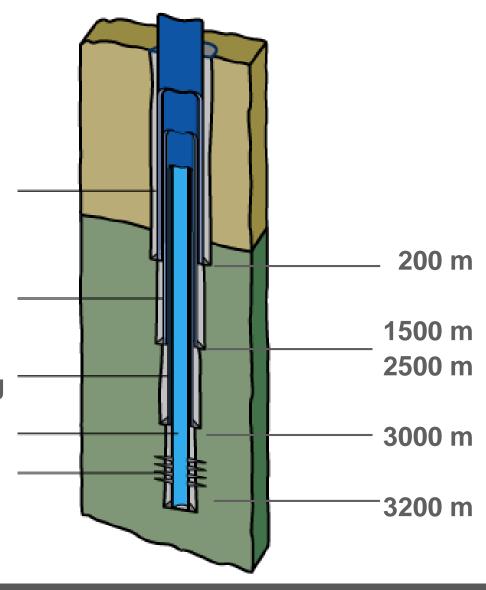
Oilfield drill: typical depth and width



47 cm Surface casing 34 cm Surface casing

24 cm Intermediate casing

18 cm Production casing Perforated interval



Drilling: Why and Where?

99 % of all deep drillings are for Oil and Gas hosted in sedminetary basins which make up just 5% of Earth's crust

Worldwide Rotary Rig Count			
	January 2012	December 2011	January 2011
Latin America	420	438	403
Europe	108	112	117
Africa	78	79	86
Middle East	311	304	269
Far East	254	247	286
International	1,171	1,180	1,161
Canada	577	429	564
United States	2,003	2,003	1,711
World	3,751	3,612	3,436

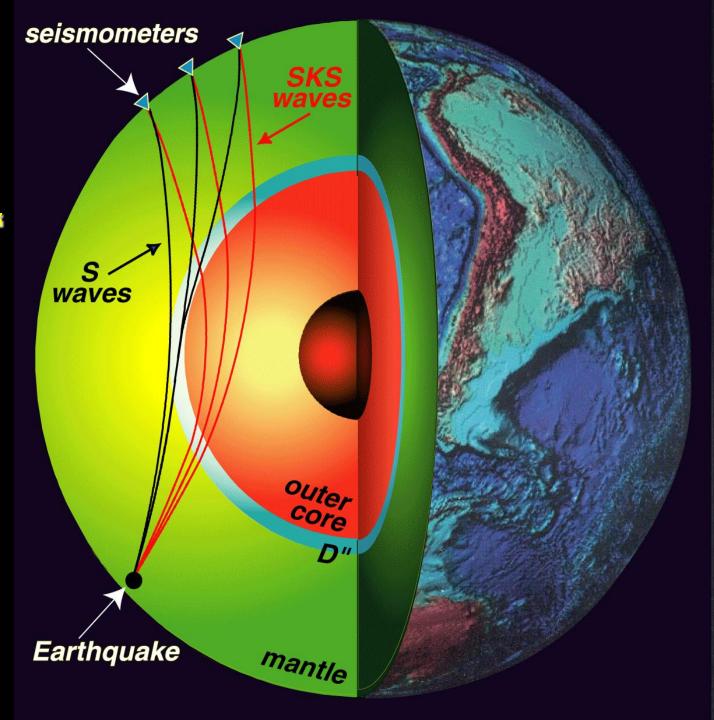
What do we know about Earth?

Cosmic data:

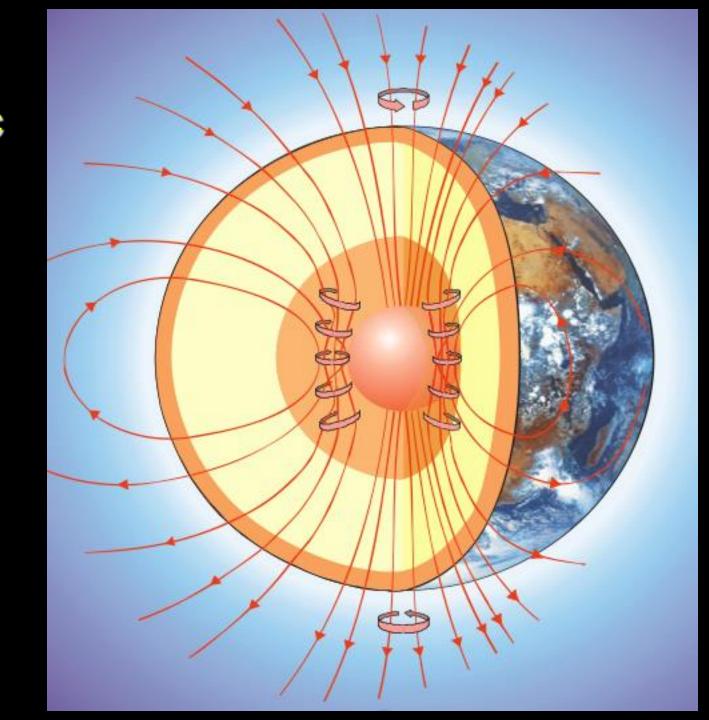
Size, mass, rotation, velocity

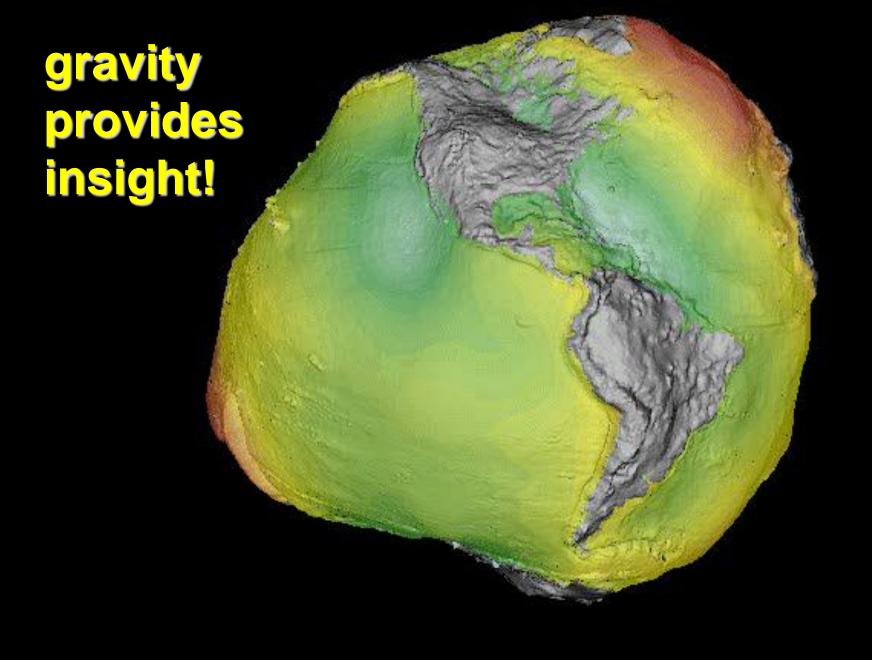


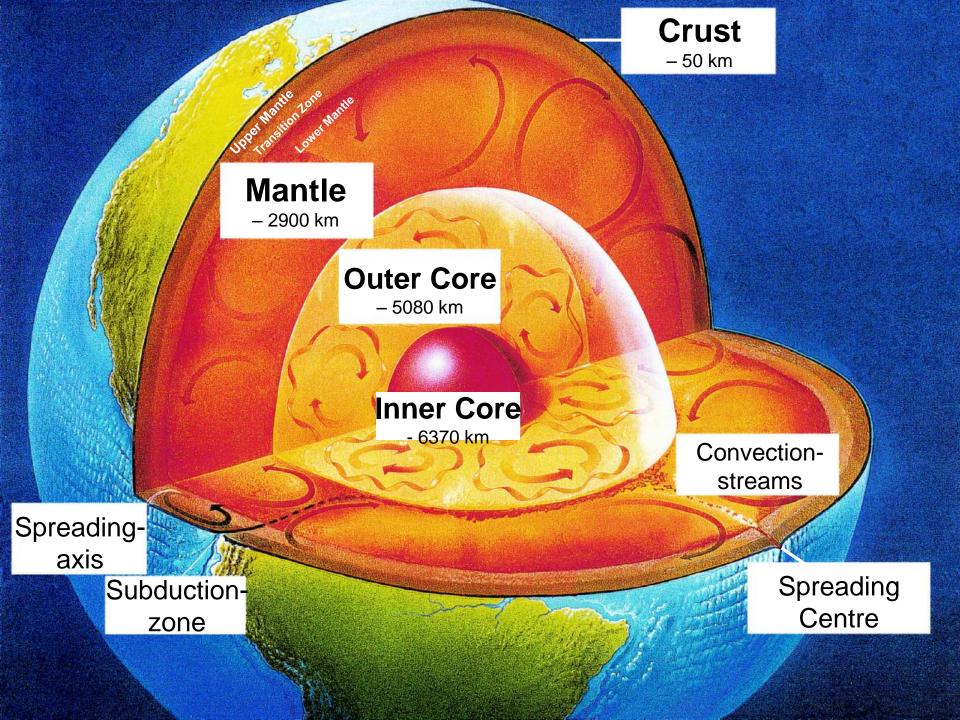
seismic waves provide "insight"



the magnetic field provides ,,insight"







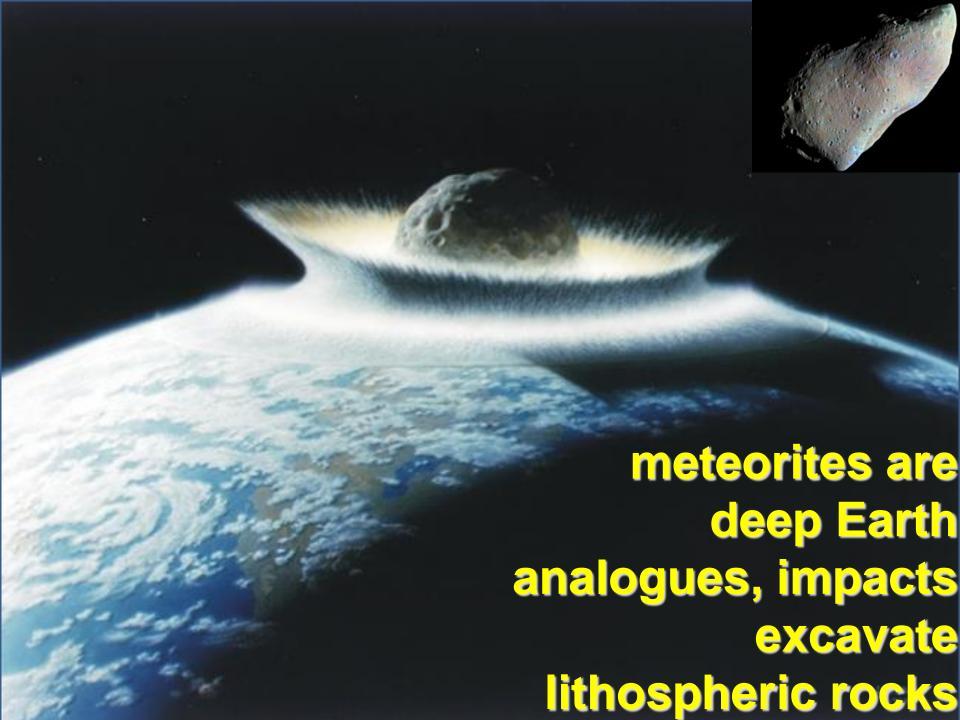
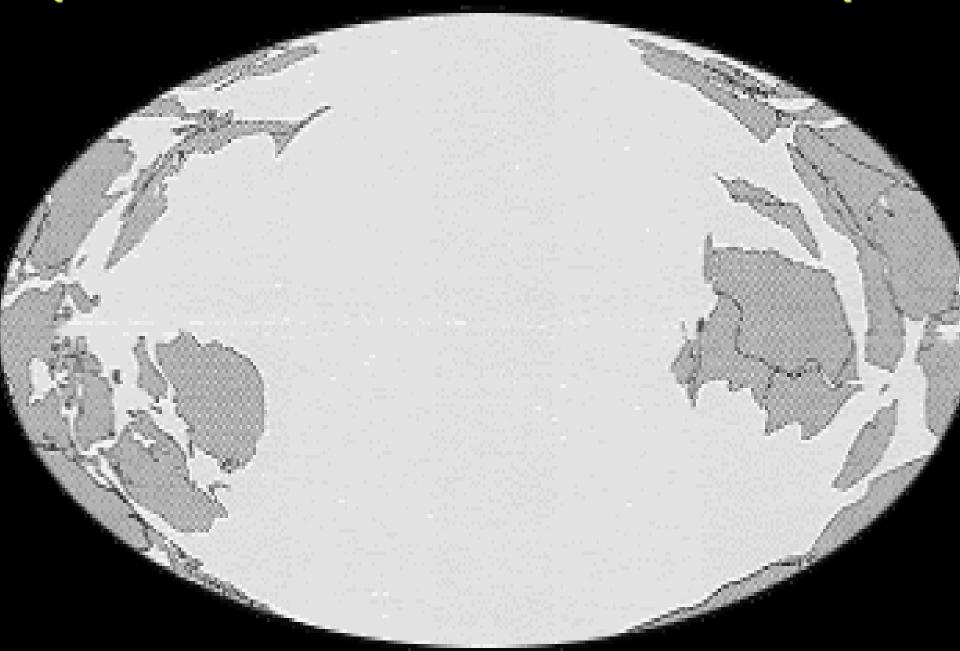
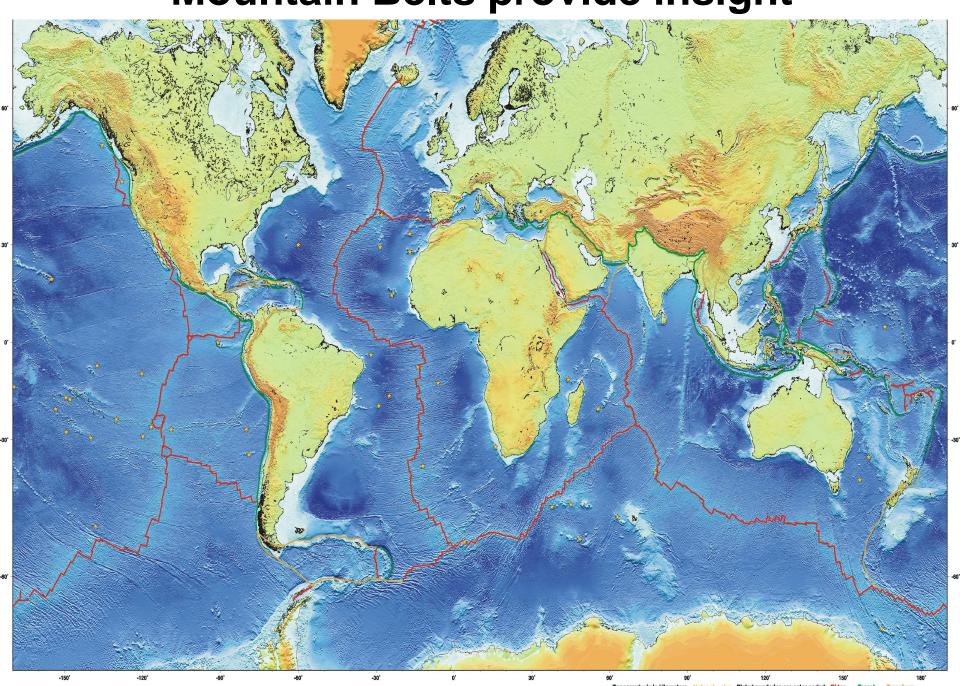




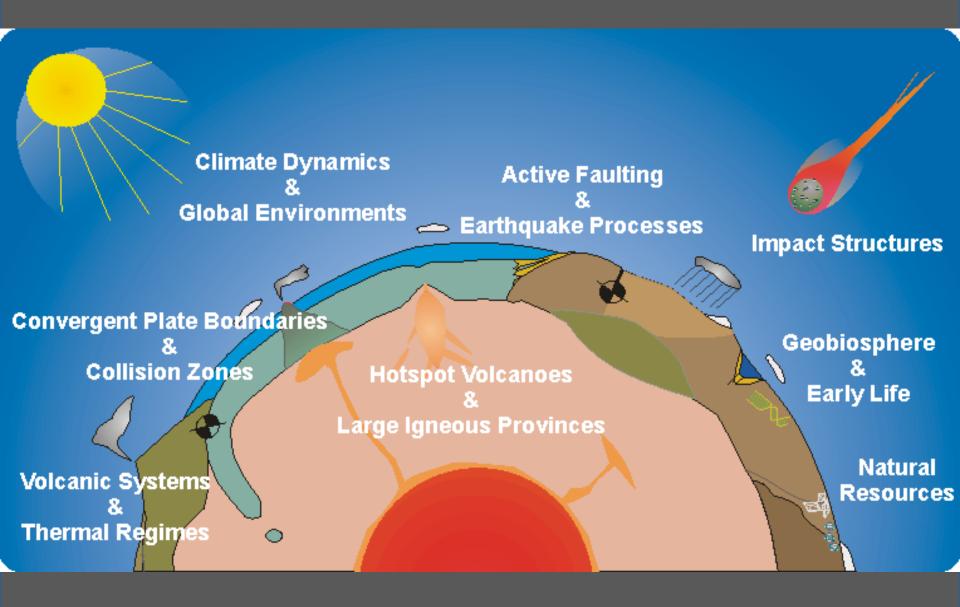
plate tectonics exhumes rocks from depth



Mountain Belts provide insight



ICDPs Research Themes



Costs for International Science Programs

Physics, Biology:

Large Hadron Collider, 20 Nations, 4 Bio €, Search for Atomic Substructure (CERN)

ITER Fusion Reactor, 33 Nations, 10 Bio €, Fusion as Energy Source

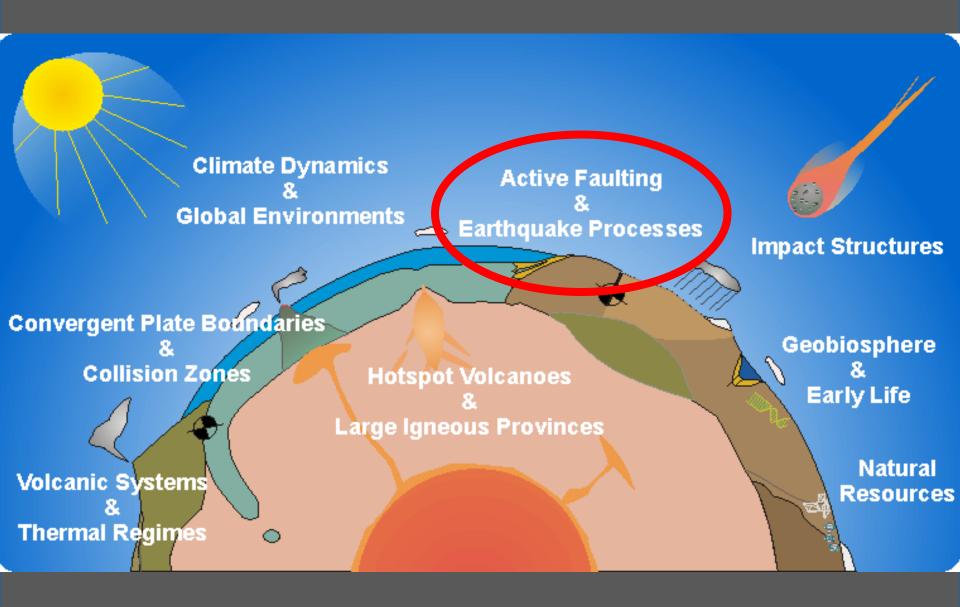
Human Genome Project, 6 Nations, **2,7 Bio €**, Deciffering the Human Genes

IPCC, 130 Nations, **60 Mio €**, Coordination of Climate Research Results

Geoscience: IODP, 200 Mio € (p.a)
 ICDP, 3 Mio € (p.a., plus 3rd party funds)



ICDPs Research Themes

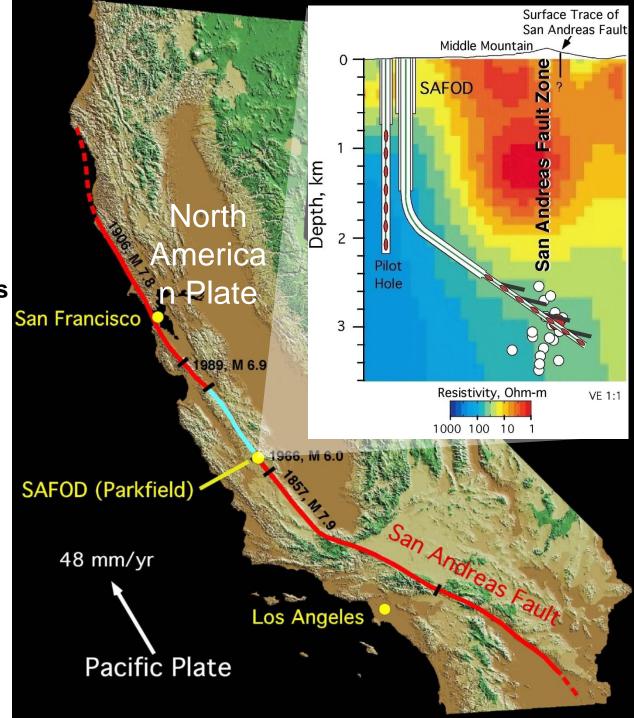




San Andreas Fault Observatory at Depth (SAFOD)

- Test fundamental theories of earthquake mechanics
- Establish a long-term observatory in the fault zone

Pilot Hole 2003 Main Hole 2004/05/07 2008+ Observatory





San Andreas Fault Observatory at Depth: Project Overview and Science Goals

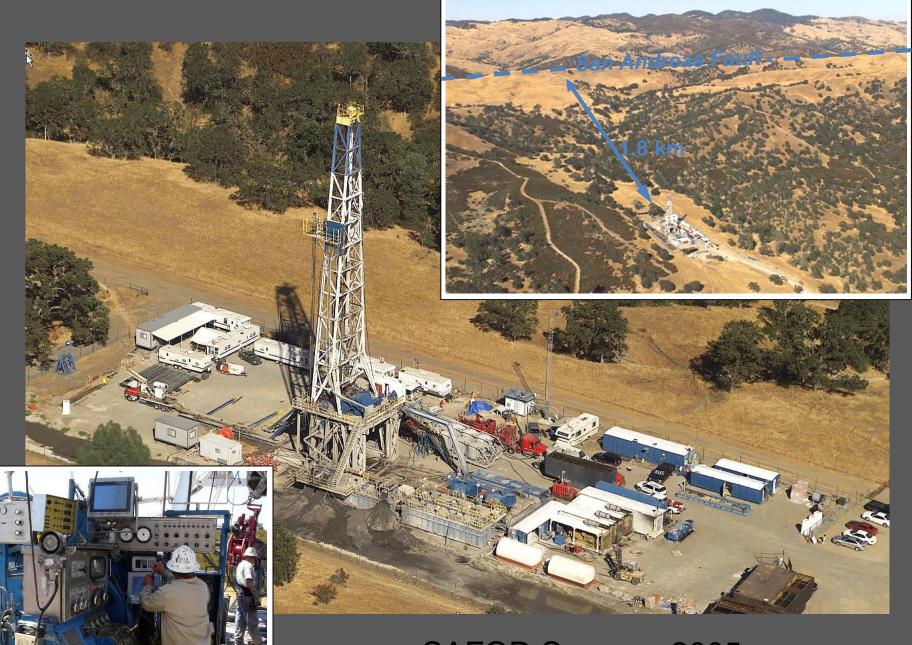


Test fundamental theories of earthquake mechanics:

- Determine structure and composition of the fault zone.
- Measure stress, permeability and pore pressure conditions in situ.
- Determine frictional behavior, physical properties and chemical processes controlling faulting through laboratory analyses of fault rocks and fluids.

Establish a long-term observatory in the fault zone:

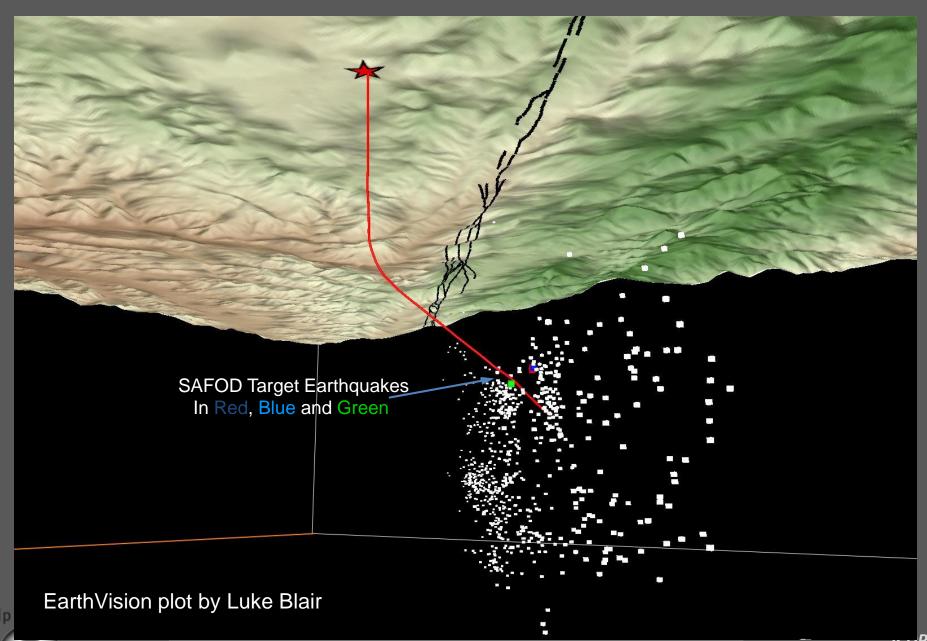
- Characterize 3-D volume of crust containing the fault.
- Monitor strain, pore pressure and temperature during the cycle of repeating microearthquakes.
- Observe earthquake nucleation and rupture processes in the near field.



SAFOD Summer 2005

PASO Microearthquakes, 2002-2006

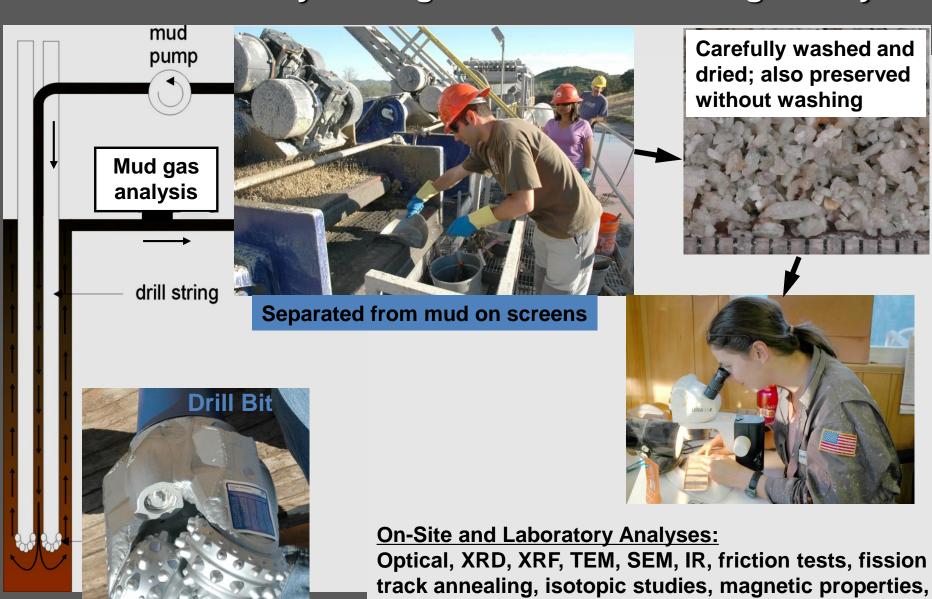
(Cliff Thurber, Steve Roecker and Haijiang Zhang)



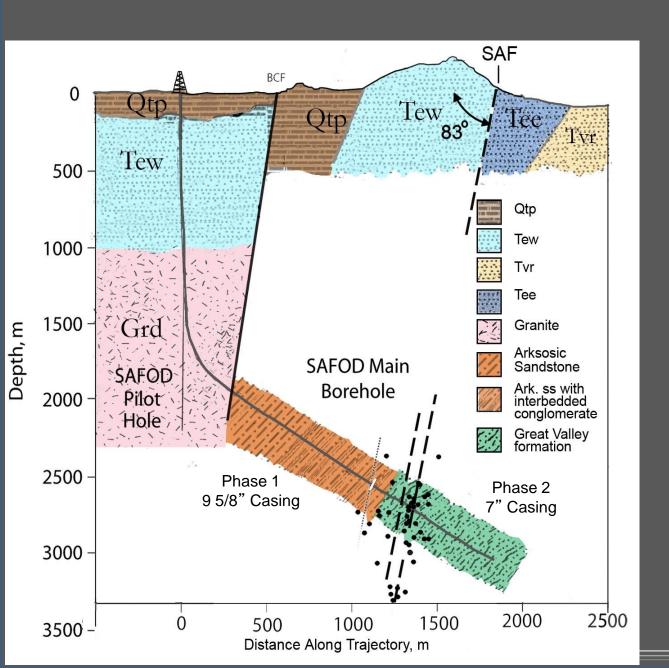
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Rotary Drilling and Mud Gas/Cuttings Analysis

fluid inclusion volatiles and thermal maturation.



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Geology Encountered During Drilling

Why SAFOD?

Frictional Strength ~ 100 MPa

Faults Inside
Tectonic Plates and
Most Rocks Tested in
the Lab

"Strong" Fault – Earthquake stress drops are a small fraction of shear stress acting on fault

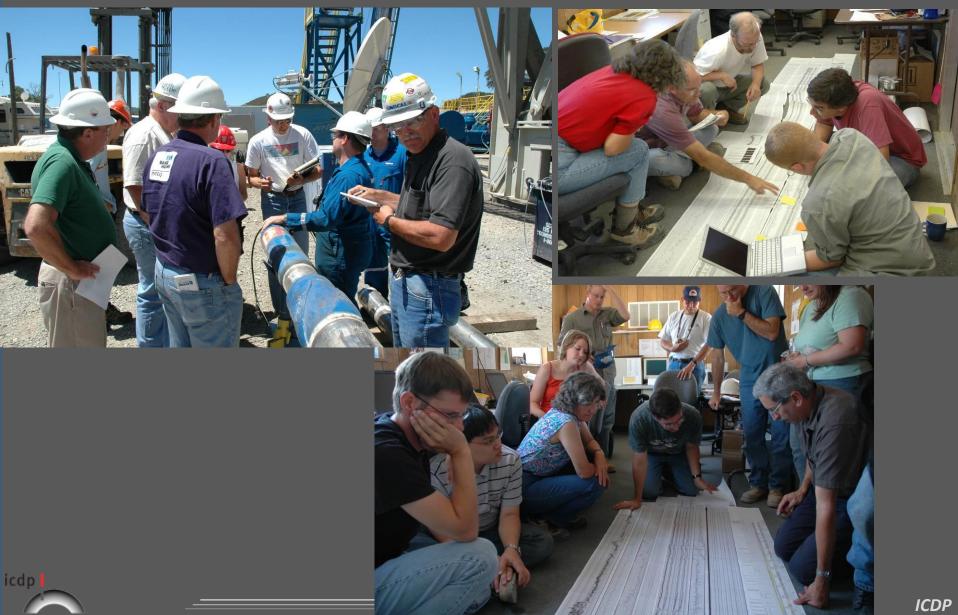
"Weak" Fault – Earthquakes release most of shear stress acting on fault

San Andreas Fault and Many Other Plate Boundary Faults

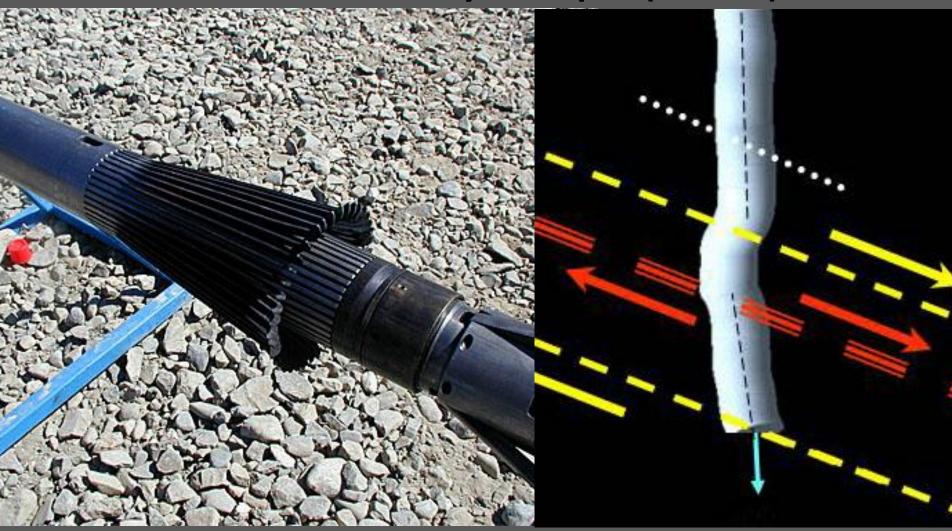
Time

Shear Stress on Fault

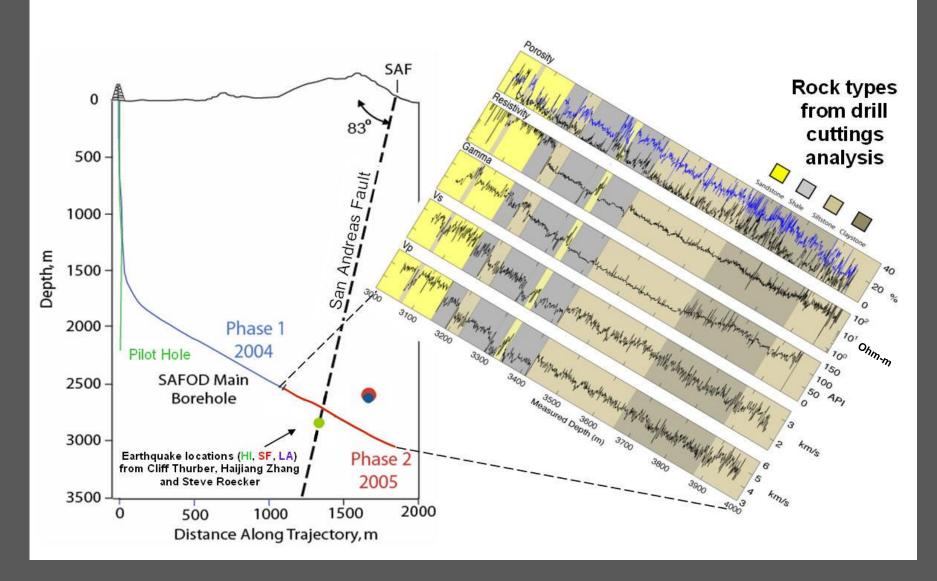
Crossing the Fault Zone During Phase 2: Wireline Logging and Logging While Drilling

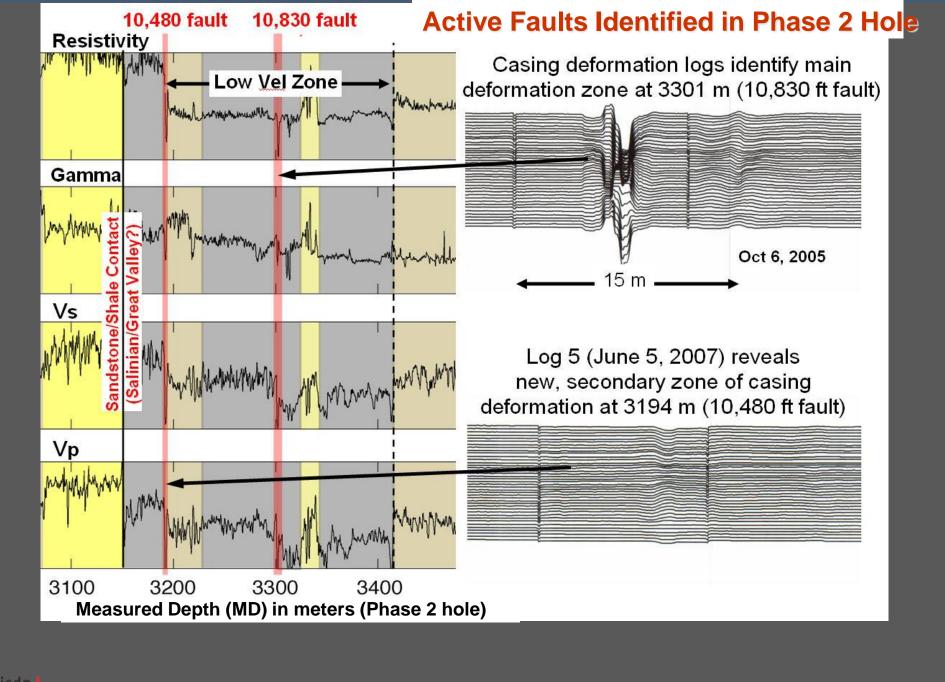


San Andreas Fault Observatory at Depth (SAFOD)



Phase 2 Geophysical Logs

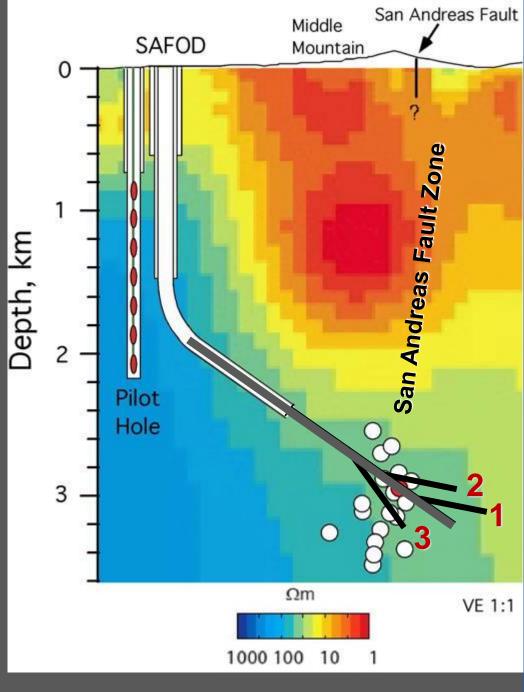




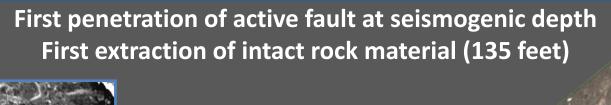
SAFOD Phase 3 Drilling

Coring Multi-Laterals

- Mill through casing and continuously core 3 holes extending 250 m from main hole to intersect actively deforming traces of San Andreas Fault.
- Conduct fluid pressure, permeability and hydrofrac tests in core holes.
- Leave one core hole open for long-term monitoring incl. seismo-& accelerometers, strain- & tiltmeters, pore pressure, T

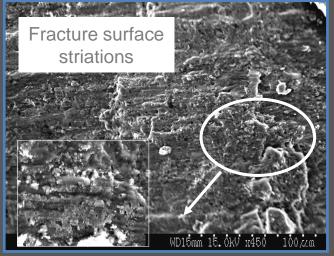


Surface frace of



Fault Gouge Layer

(1.5 m thick)



Ultra-thin (nm) film of secondary smectite phase on polished and striated. Smectites well oriented and occasionally fibrous in form, creating slickenfibers.

Foliated gouge with serpentinite and sandstone porphyroclasts

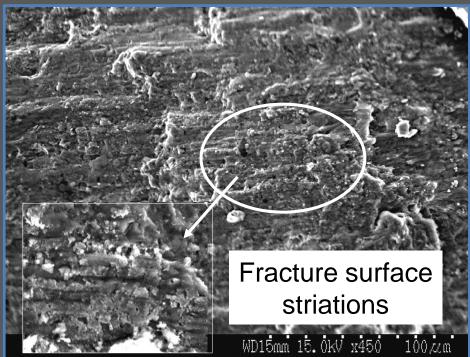
Highly sheared serpentinite layer with fragmented calcite veins

Serpentinite cut by white (calcite) veins

Foliated fault gouge with serpentinite and sandstone porphyroclasts



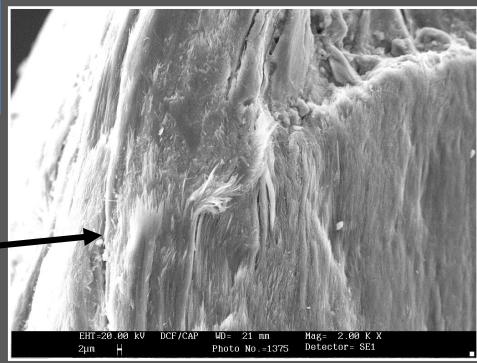
Evidence for Dissolution-Precipitation Creep in SAFOD Cuttings from SAF



SEM image of serpentinite from 3322 m MD showing aligned chrysotile fibers (Boullier and Andreani, 2007)

Ultra-thin (nm) film of secondary smectite phase on polished and striated surfaces (*Schleicher et al, 2006*).

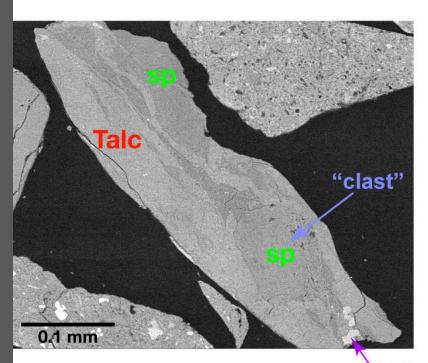
Smectites well oriented and occasionally fibrous in form, creating slickenfibers.

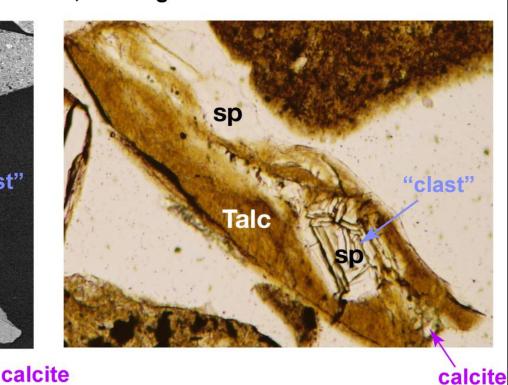


Talc Found in Cuttings from Serpentine Zone near Deforming Casing (*Moore and Rymer, 2007*)

3325 m MD

Foliated (sheared?) serpentinite (sp) grain partly replaced by talc. The talc contains ≈5 wt% Fe-oxide, which gives it the brown color.





SEM: Backscattered Electrons

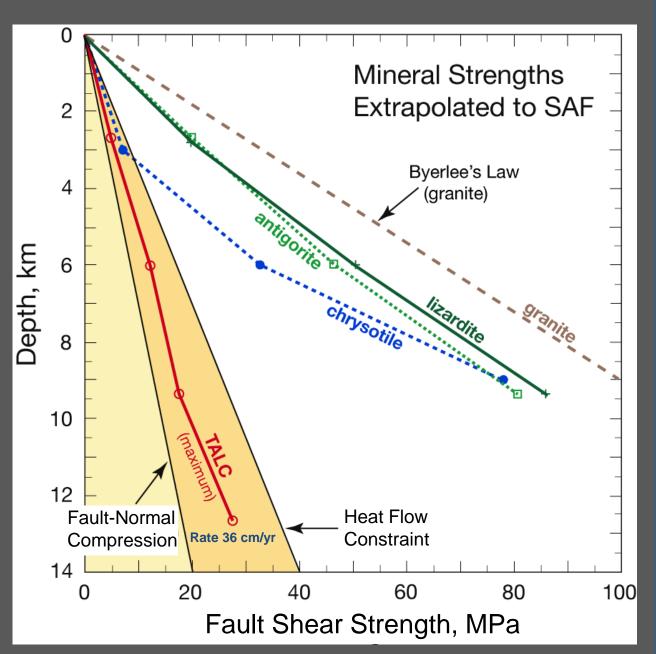
Plane-Polarized Light

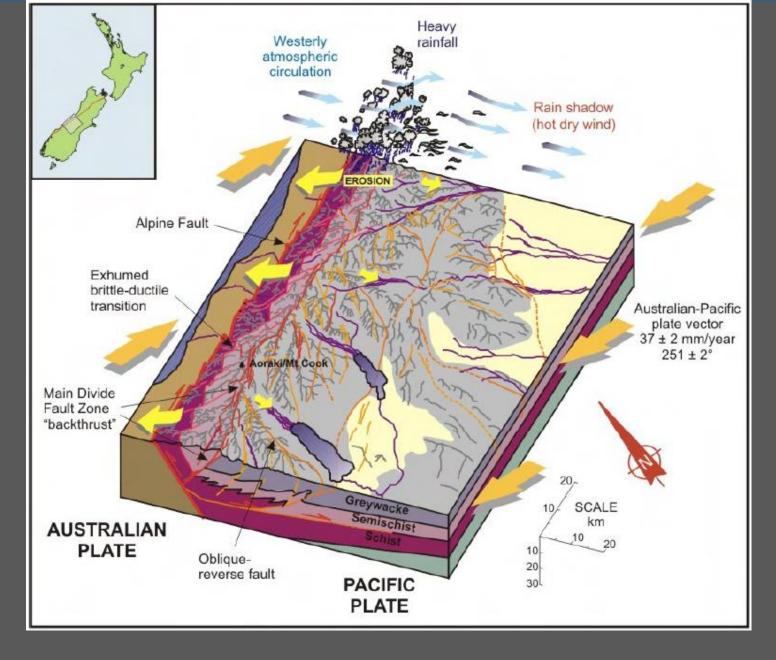
 $Mg_3Si_2O_5(OH)_4 + 2 H_4SiO_{4(aq)} = Mg_3Si_4O_{10}(OH)_2 + 5 H_2O$ serpentine talc



Lab friction tests show that a compositionally similar talc is anomalously weak and velocity strengthening (creeping) at seismogenic conditions.

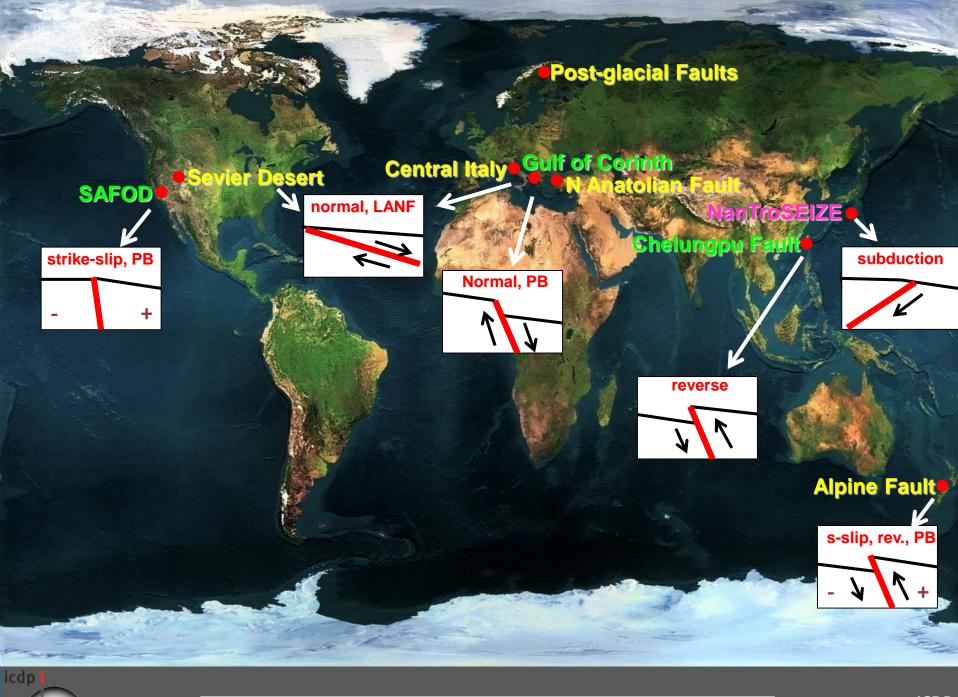
(Moore et el., 2006)





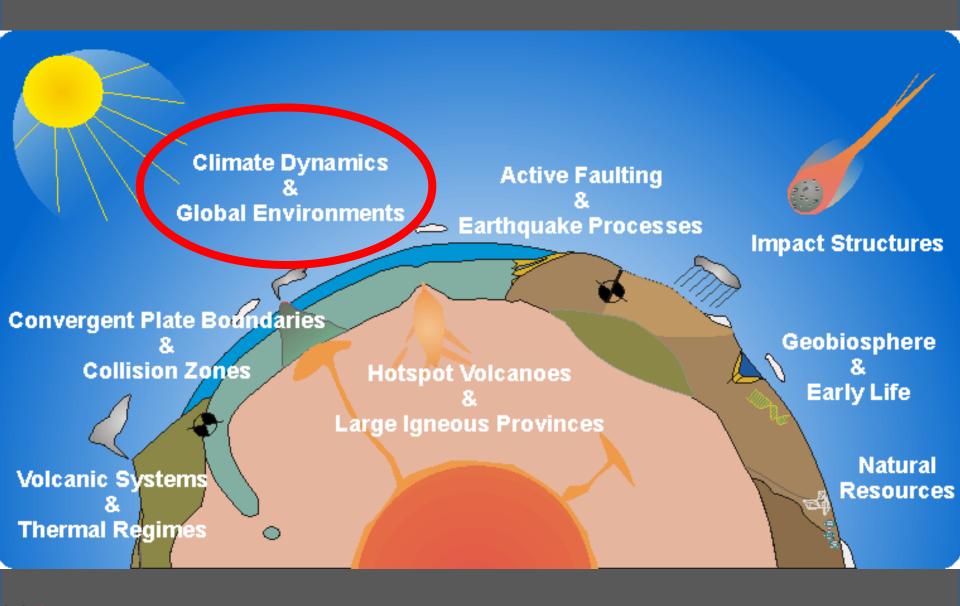
Active
Deformation
Processes in
a Major
Transpressional
Fault
(Alpine
Fault)

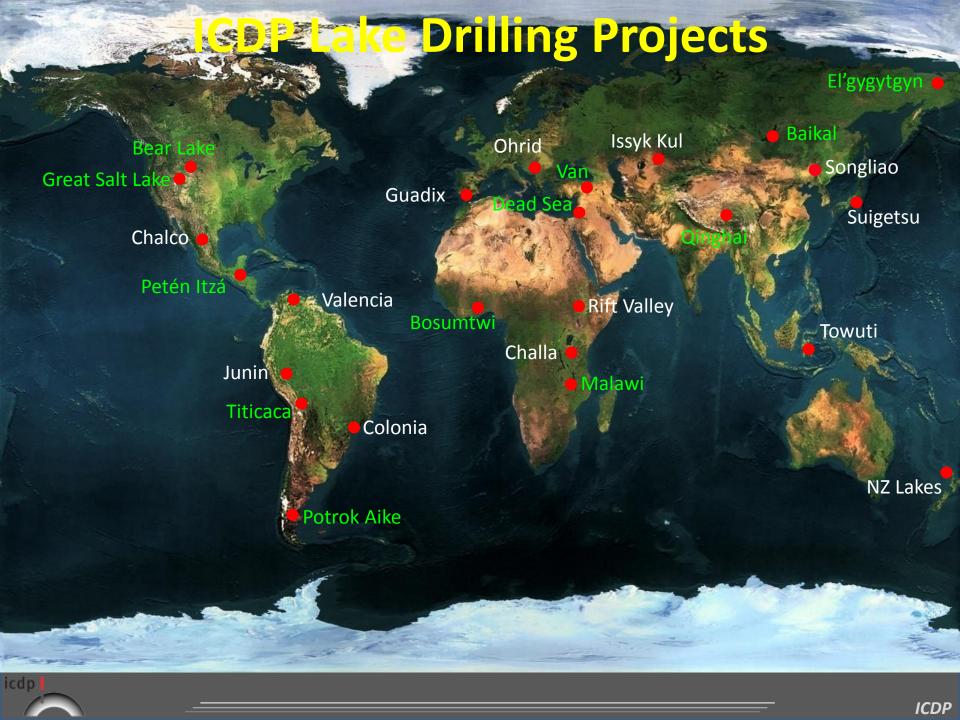
Franz Josef Glacier, New Zealand, 22 – 28 March `09 With 61 participants from 7 countries



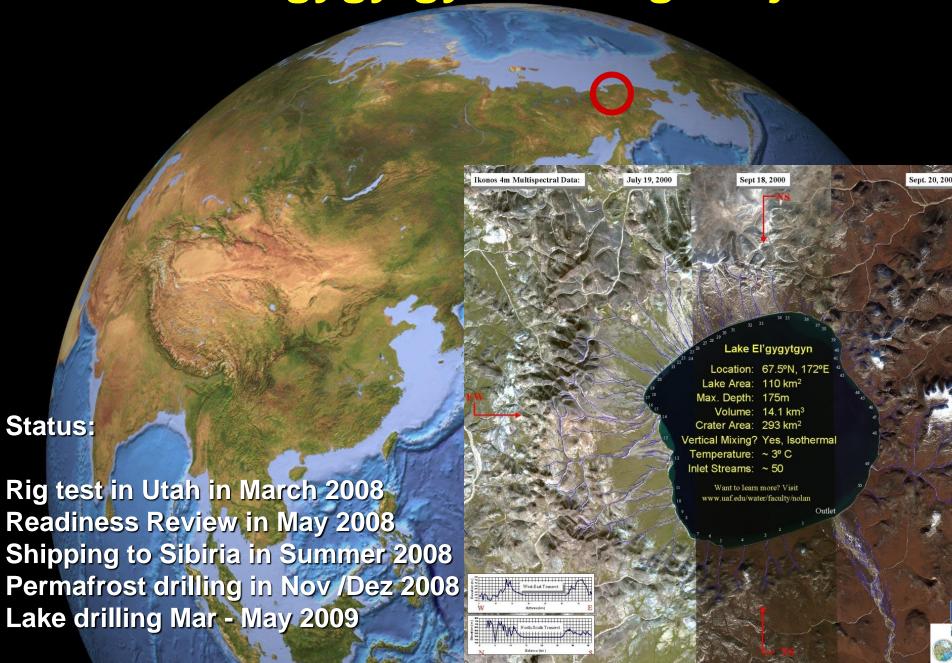
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ICDPs Research Themes





Lake Elgygytgyn Drilling Project



The ICDP El' gygytgyn Drilling Project:

successful drilling operation in 2008/09

Martin Melles

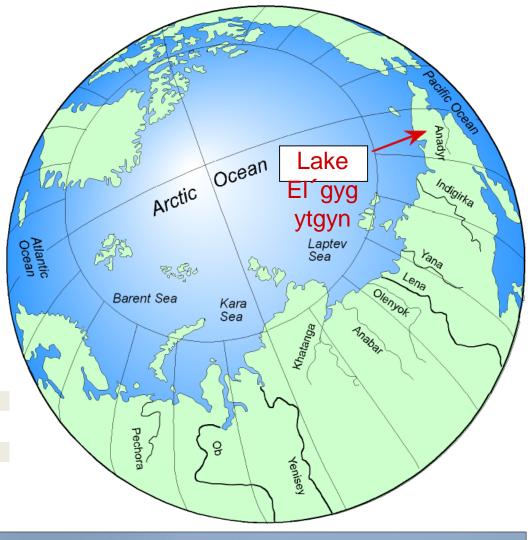
Julie Brigham-Grette

Pavel Minyuk

Christian Koeberl

and

Lake El ´gygytgyn Scientific Party







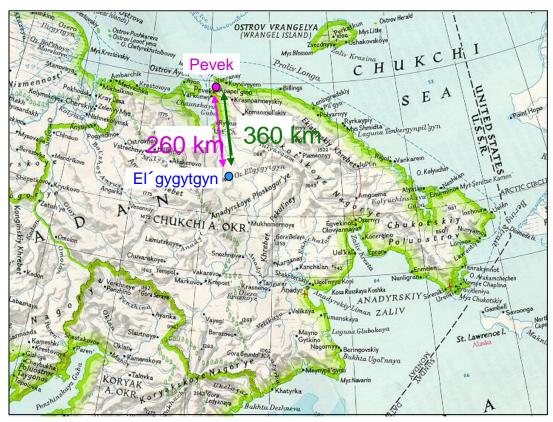


2008 2010 M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A

1st transport to Lake E







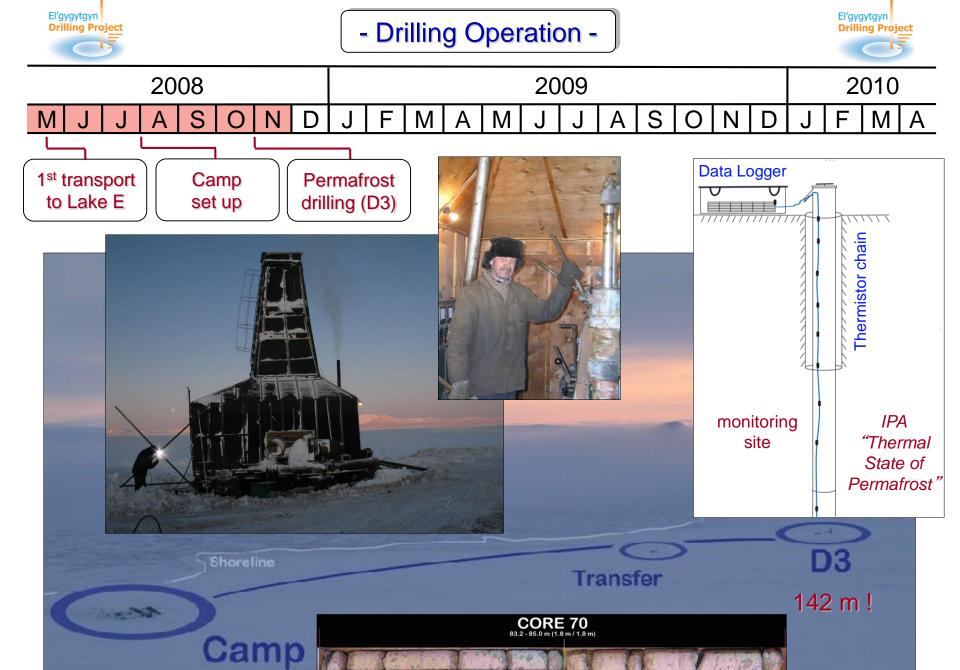




2008 2010 M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A

1st transport to Lake E Camp set up









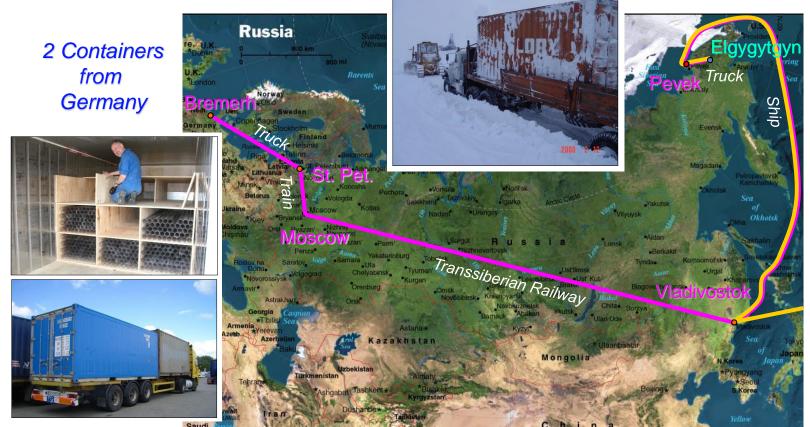
2008 2009 2010

M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A

1st transport to Lake E Camp set up

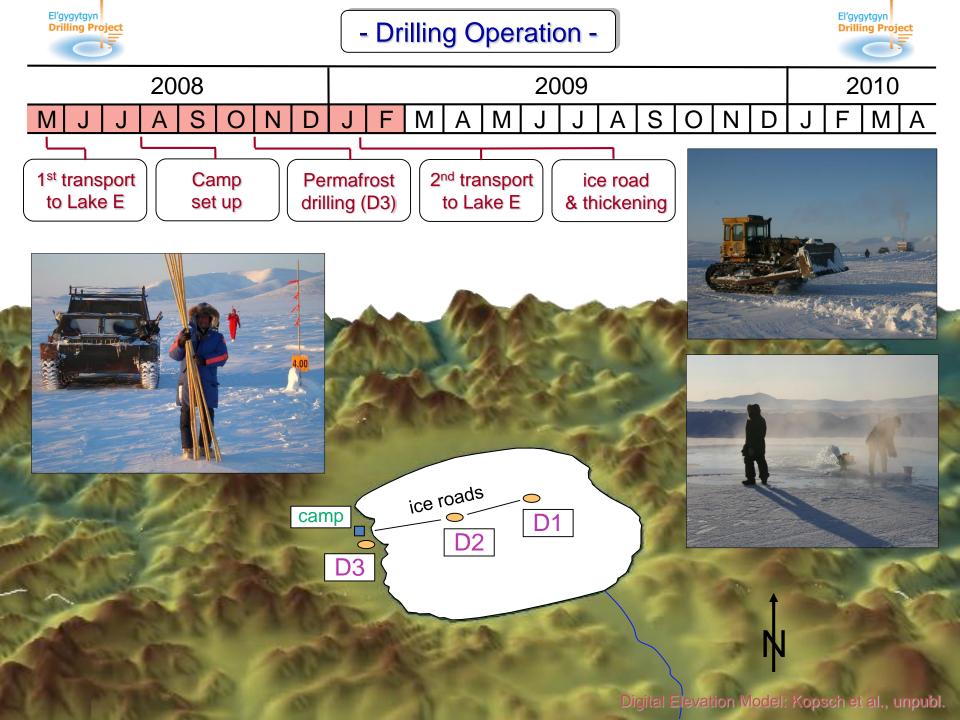
Permafrost drilling (D3)

2nd transport to Lake E





15 Containers from the U.S.A.







2008 2009 2010

MJJASONDJFMAMJJASONDJFMA

1st transport to Lake E Camp set up

Permafrost drilling (D3)

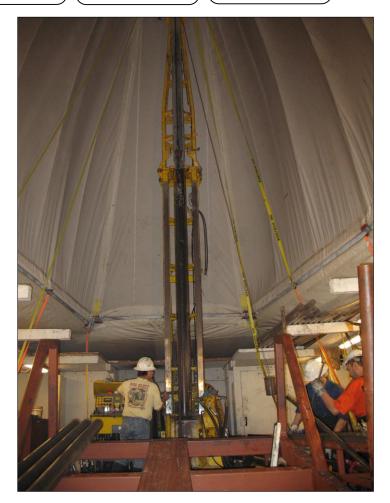
2nd transport to Lake E

ice road & thickening

lake drilling











2008 2010 M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A

1st transport to Lake E Camp set up

Permafrost drilling (D3)

2nd transport to Lake E

ice road & thickening

lake drilling







2008 2009 2010

MJJASONDJFMAMJJASONDJFMA

1st transport to Lake E Camp set up

Permafrost drilling (D3)

2nd transport to Lake E

ice road & thickening

lake drilling















2008 2009 2010

<u>M|J|J|A|S|O|N|D|J|F|M|A|M|J|J|A|S|O|N|D|J|F|M|A</u>

1st transport to Lake E Camp set up

Permafrost drilling (D3)

2nd transport to Lake E ice road & thickening lake drilling Demobilization



Lake E, Reefer (4/09)



Pevek, MI-8 (4/09)



Cologne, Reefer (8/09)



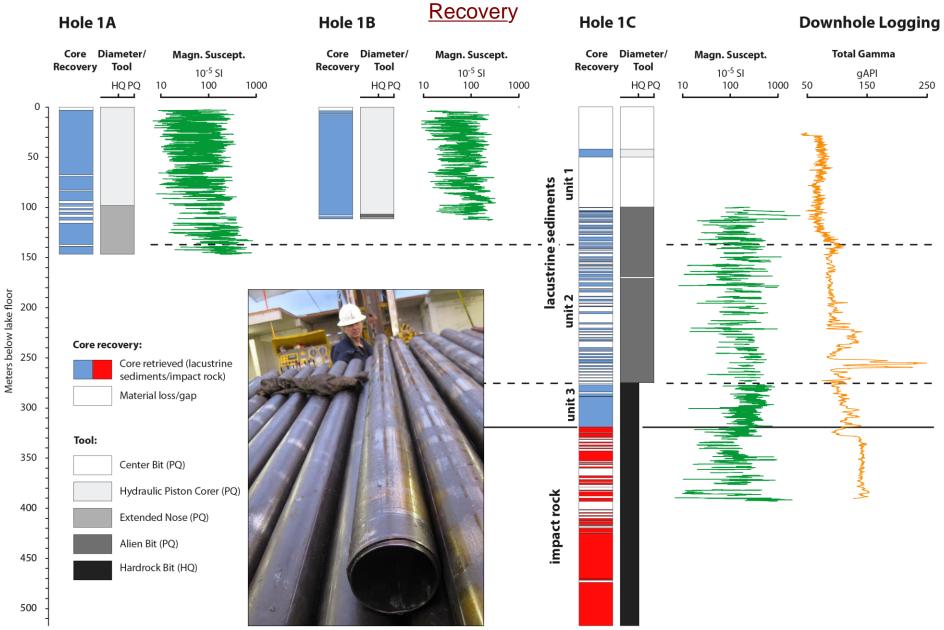
Pevek, AN-12 (6/09)



Deconstruction (5/09)



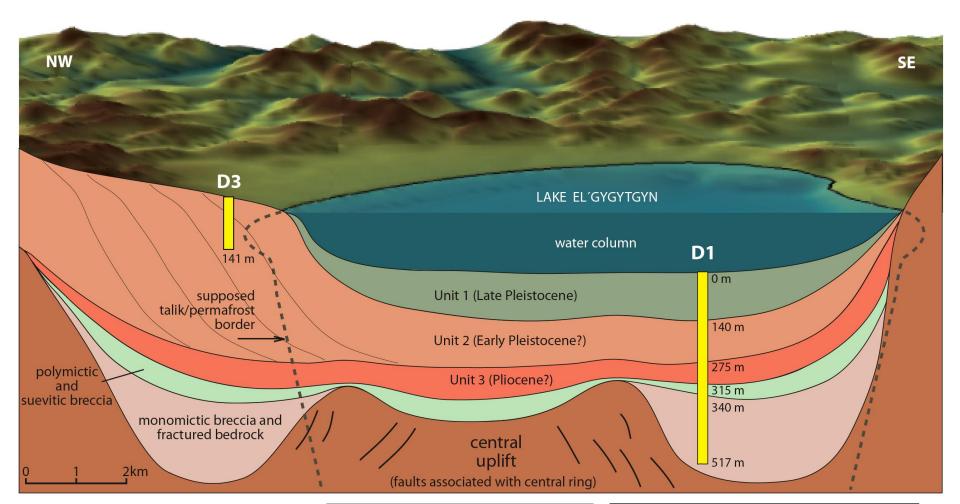








Conclusion



D3 Permafrost

- Permafrost history
- Lake-level history
- Permafrost monitoring

D1 Impact

- Bolide composition
- Energy release
- Target rock response

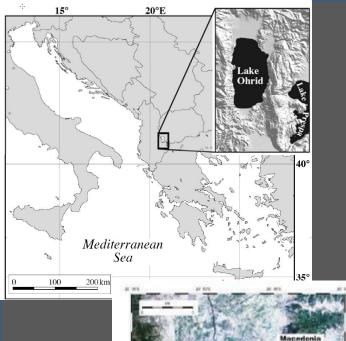
D1 Lake Sediments

- Climatic & environm. history
- Quaternary & Pliocene
- Early Pleistocene glaciation?







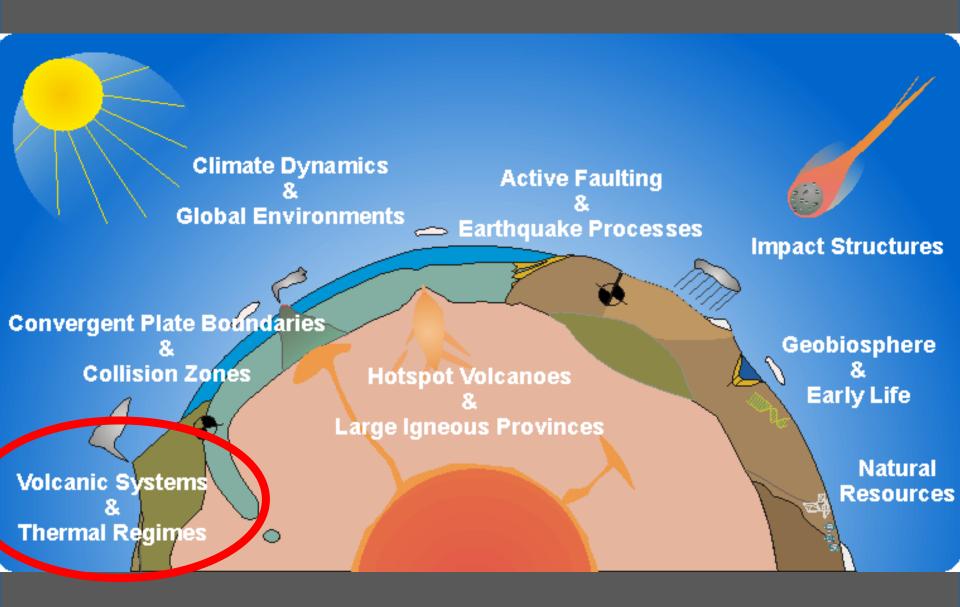


Scientific Collaboration On Past Speciation Conditions in Lake Ohrid (SCOPSCO)

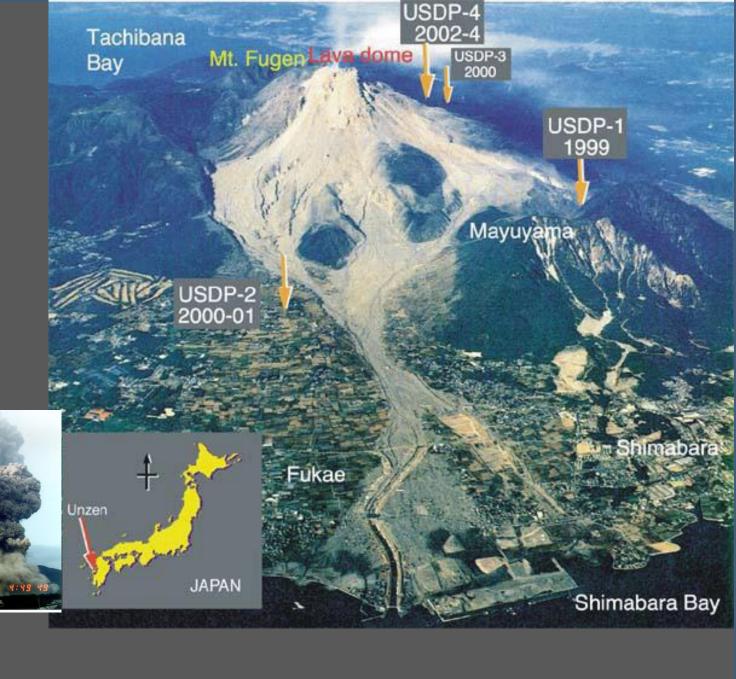
Objectives:

- Propose coring Lake Ohrid, a deep (286 m) and ancient lake (probably Miocene in age) lying on the Albanian/Macedonian border.
- Lake is famous for extraordinary biodiversity of invertebrates, which probably evolved in-situ.
- Development of a lake chronology to understand evolution of this biodiversity.
- Other objectives:
 - volcanic history from tephras,
 - seismotectonic history from turbidites.
 - -continuous terrestrial climate history.

ICDPs Research Themes

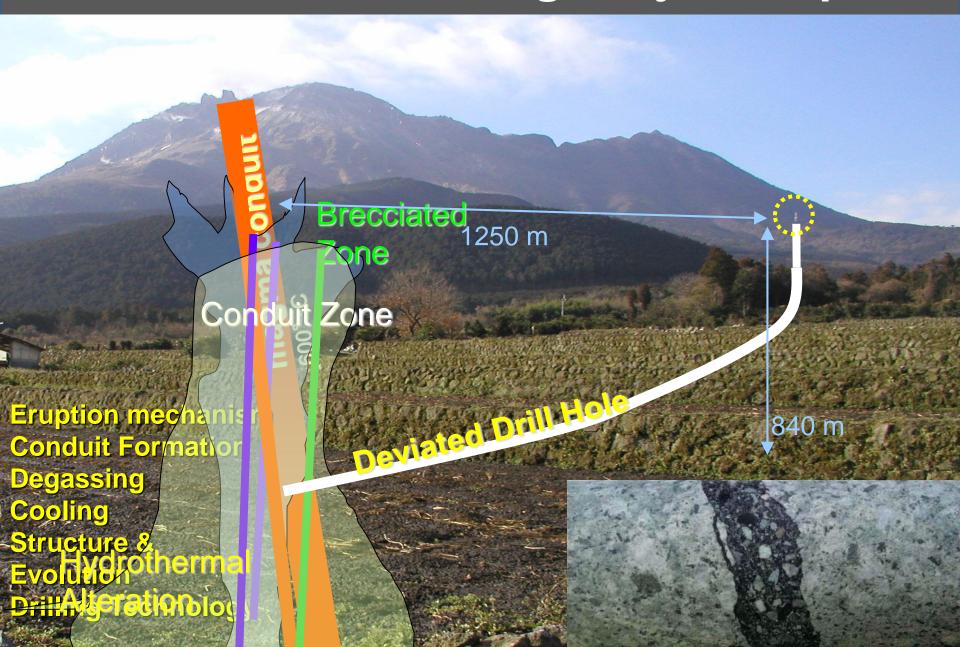


Unzen Volcano Drilling Project, Japan

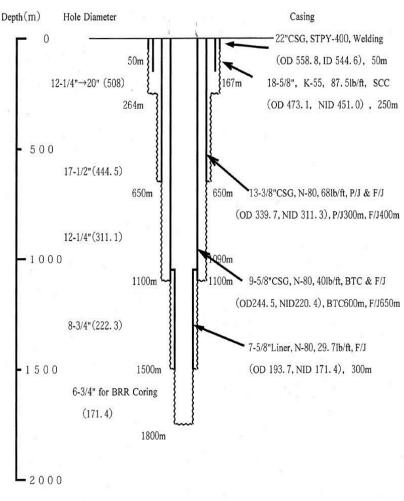


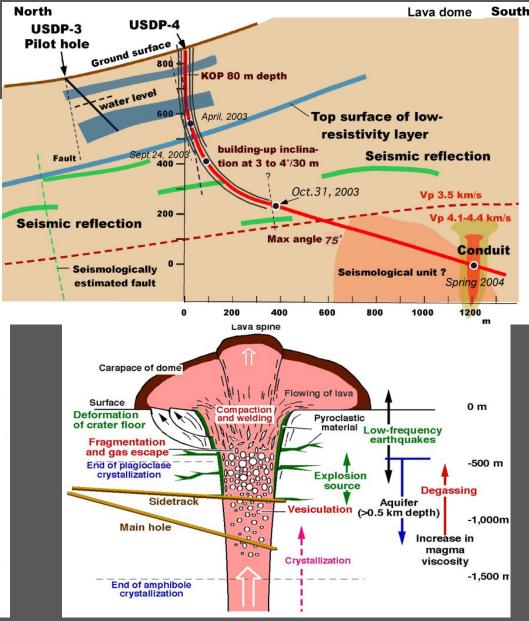


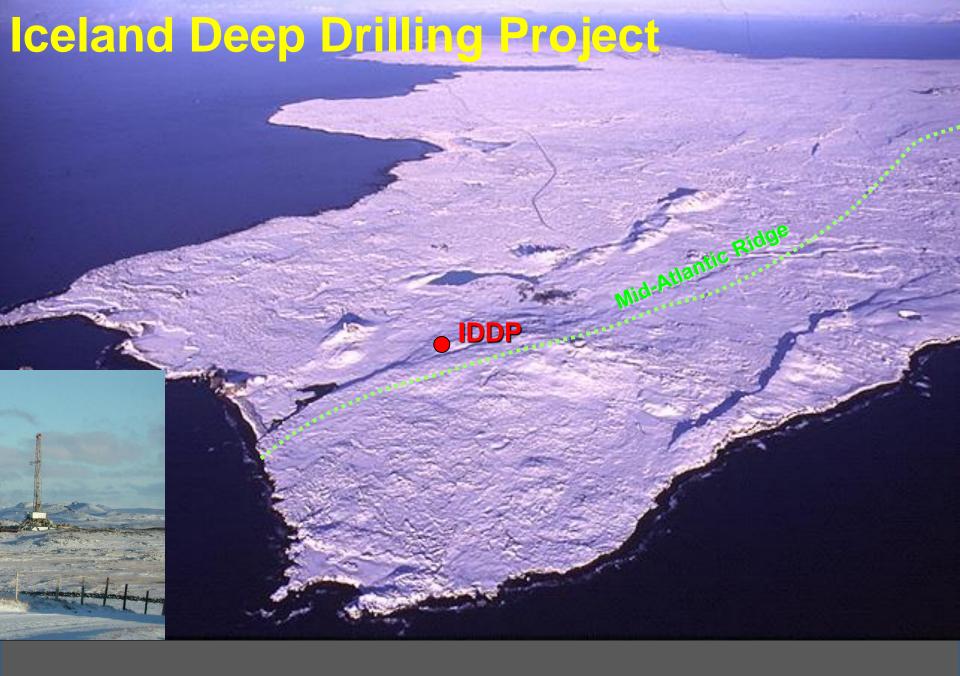
Unzen Volcano Drilling Project, Japan



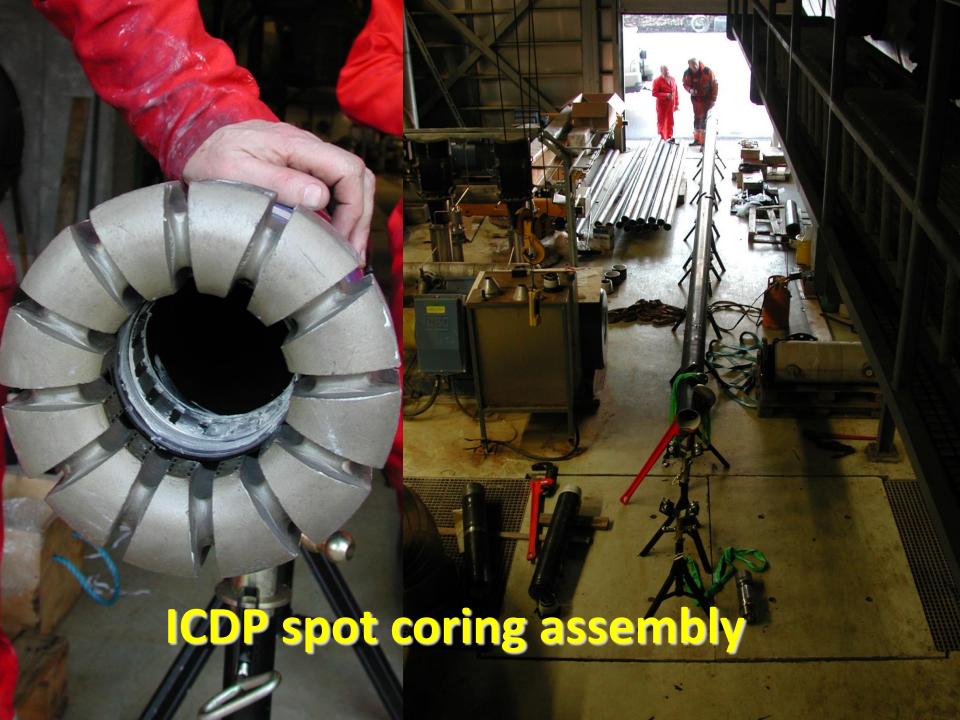
Unzen Volcano Drilling Project















In situ probing
of 400 – 600 C
super-critical
fluids at 4-5
km
Icelandic
Consortium of
Private-Public
Partnership



ICDP Activities (Feb 2012)

Proposals submitted 261 (12 in 2012)

ICDP Workshops 55

ICDP Drilling Projects 28

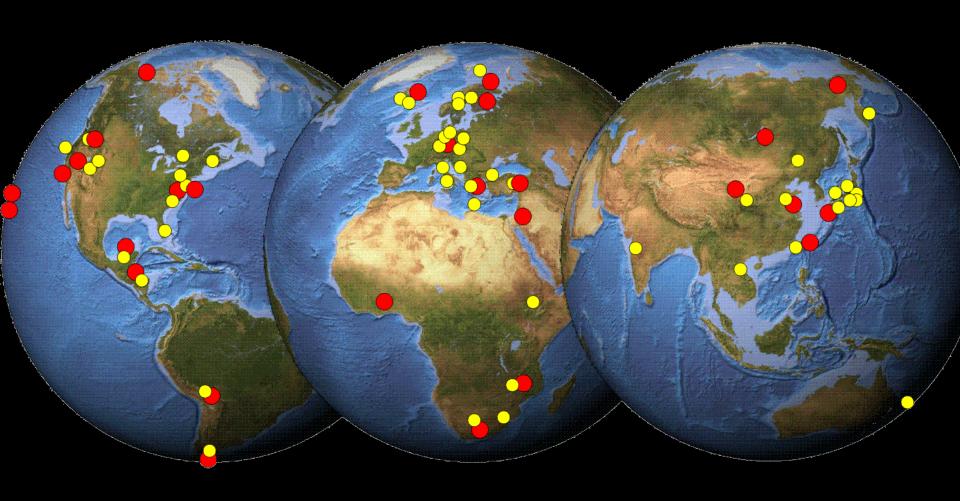
Ongoing & Upcoming Activities

Workshops 3

Drilling Projects 8



ICDP Workshops and Projects



ICDP is an international program to support scientific continental drilling through financial and logistical support to international science teams with a need for drilling

- is an internationally managed and operated Earth science research program
- addresses fundamental problems of global significance
- serves the entire Earth Science Community
- is undertaken by international teams of scientists at carefully selected sites around the world
- is proposal-driven and peer-reviewed
- is providing funding and operational support
- is coordinating research projects with IODP and other national and international programs

ICDP Membership

Member Countries

- Germany
- USA
- Japan
- China
- Canada
- Austria
- Norway
- Mexico
- Poland
- Czech Republic
- Iceland
- Finland
- South Africa

Member Countries

- Italy
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- New Zealand
- France
- Israel

Member Organizations

- UNESCO
- Schlumberger

2011 Newcomers

- India
- Netherlands

2012 Newcomers

- Great Britain
- South Korea*

Interests

- Belgium
- Brasil
- Colombia
- Russia
- Turkey
- Denmark



From Proposal to Project



Constitute an essential component in the preparation of a full proposal, as they allow PI's

- to invite experts in the respective field from all over the world
- to strengthen and broaden the project
- to establish an international science team
- to prepare a detailed science, operations, and budget plan for a full proposal

Criteria for Selection of ICDP Projects

Global Criterion

Problem of Global Significance "World-Class" Geological Site

International Criterion

Broad International Collaboration Best Possible Science Team Pooling of Resources and Technology

Societal-Needs Criterion

Relevance of Problem to Society Collaboration with Industry

Need-for-Drilling Criterion

Proof of Necessity for Drilling

Depth-to-Cost Criterion

Balancing of Costs and Drilling Design



Funding Strategy

ICDP funds are granted for project development and drilling-related expenses, but not for science support

- Foster International Co-operation and Project development through Workshops (seed money to lift projects)
- > Form partnerships with other scientific, private, governmental or industry groups for project funding
- Direct money to drilling operations, scientific-technical on-site support, facilities and data management



Project Funding through ICDP

Two Ways of Funding:

- 1. Leg = Financial Support
- 2. Leg = Operational Support

Operational Support Group – OSG of ICDP at GFZ Potsdam

Both can be requested by ICDP projects



ICDP Funding Strategy

Commingled Funding = International Cost Sharing:

ICDP + national agencies + industry

Na F70% average 23% e

Workshops advance international project development

Drilling operations

scientific-technical on-site support
downhole logging
field-lab facilities
data management



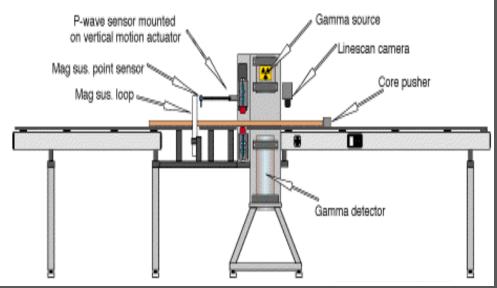
Operational Support Group (OSG)

based at GFZ Potsdam

- supports PIs in planning and design of Drilling Projects
- helps organizing ICDP Workshops
- assists PIs in developing Full Proposals
- assists PIs in scientific and engineering drill site operations and management
- provides drilling and field laboratory equipment
- provides downhole measurements
- provides an aproved data management system
- conducts ICDP Training Courses



Core Logger





Operational Support field laboratory equipment



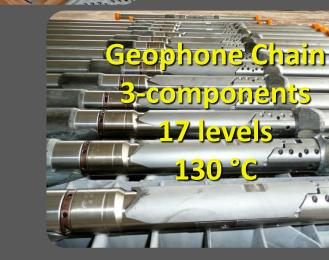




Slimhole Equipment

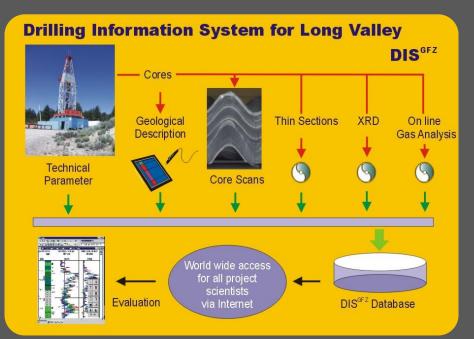
Winch 600 m

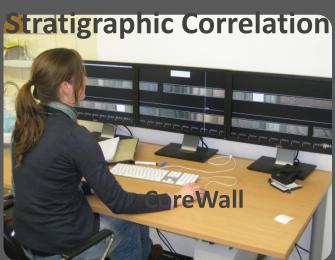
Winch 2000 m





Data Management - DIS



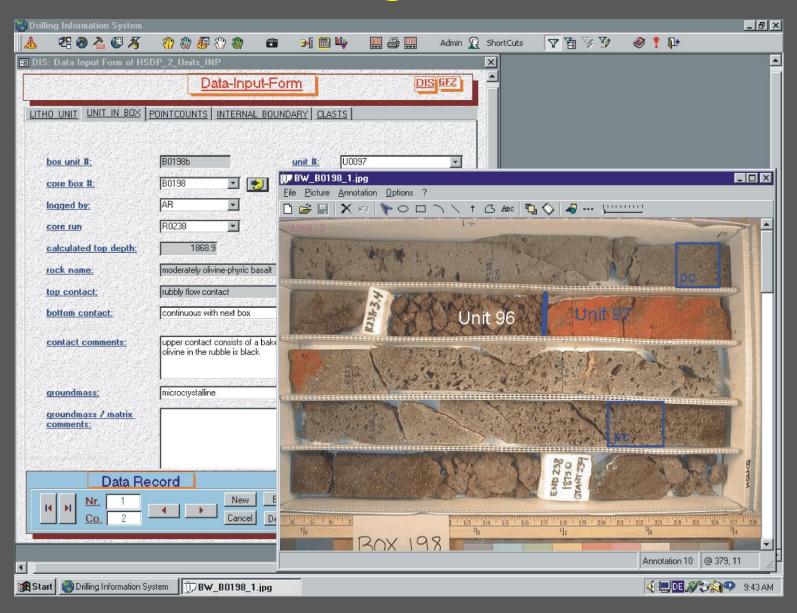


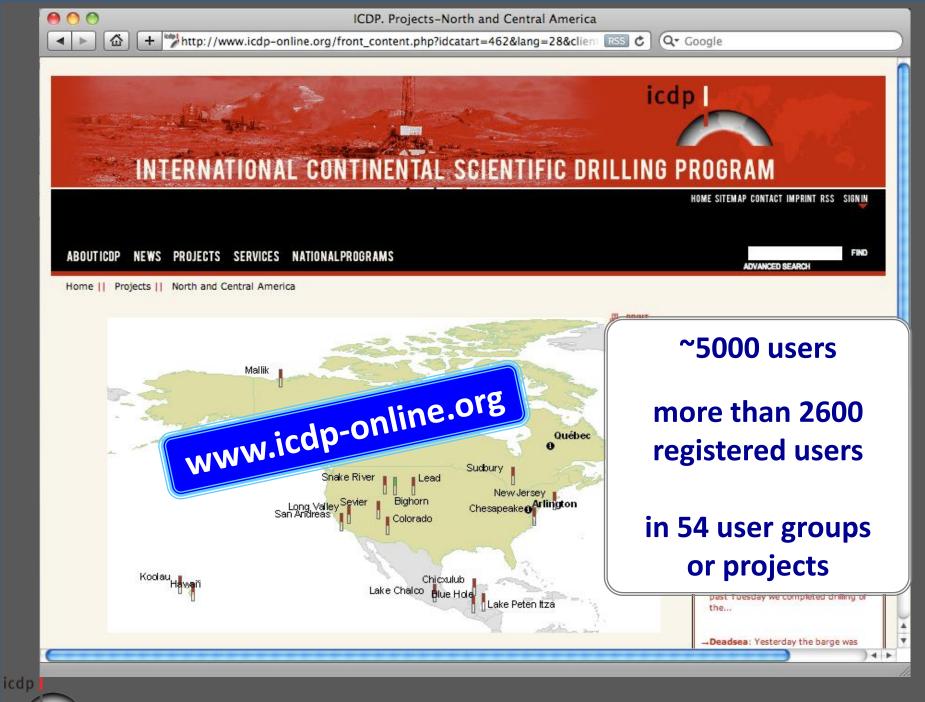
icdp



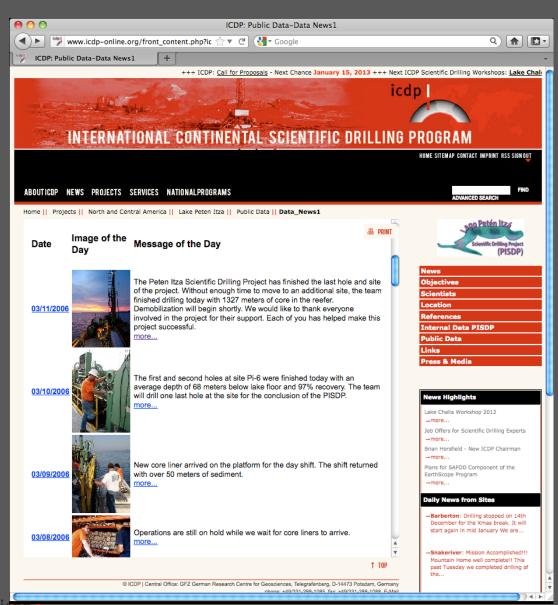


Data Management - DIS





ICDP Web Pages for ICDP Projects



Public Data

ICDP Web Pages for ICDP Projects



Internal Data

ICDP Web



INTERNATIONAL CONTINER

ABOUTICDP NEWS PROJECTS SERVICES NATIONAL PROGRAMS

Home || Projects || Asia || Dead Sea || Internal Data Dead Sea || de

Scanned Section Images

Dead Sea Deep Drilling Project

Here you will find zipped packages of scanned core images of low an with the xml-files you can import the images into Corelyzer for visualia

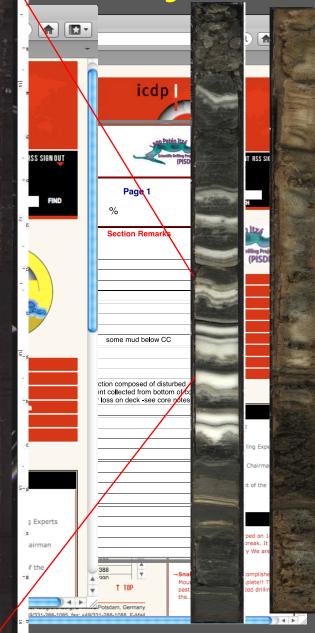
Collapse All | Expand All | Toggle All

Please click on a link to expand the directory name. Click on a filenan

5017_1_A_dis.xml	655
5017_1_A_MSCL.xml	10
5017_1_B_dis.xml 🕣	21
5017_1_B_MSCL.xml	94
5017_1_C_dis.xml	78
5017_1_C_MSCL.xml	344
5017_1_D_dis.xml	3
5017_1_D_MSCL.xml	34 Byt
5017_1_E_dis.xml	36
5017_1_E_MSCL.xml	432
5017_1_H_dis.xml	110
5017_1_H_MSCL.xml	673
5017_2_A_dis.xml	29
■ 5017 2 A MSCL.xml	262

http://www.icdp-online.org/sites/dead...CoreScans_Orig_Jpeg/5017_1_A

P Projects





ICDP Training Course annualy, 30 participants free of cost

ICDP
DIS Training

1-3 per project



ICDP Project Organization

- All planning for operations, budget, time, and financial controlling must be planned for by PI's and the projects Scientific Team
- Accepted proposals receive financial support or get operations paid through ICDP after a funding contract (Joint Research Venture) has been signed, all matching funds approved, all service contracts are in place.
- All responsibility for operations and science remains with Pl's
- ICDP has almost no own drilling equipment and minor science equipment



Prerequisites for Success

- A bright scientific idea to study processes or/and test important hypothesis that are only accessible through drilling
- Drilling at Sites of Global Scientific Importance and Societal Relevance as Example for Comparable Settings
- Excellent geophysical and geological Site Surveys to justify drilling target, drilling depth, and to reduce drilling risks
- Technical Feasibility and Budget Realities
- Environmental and Societal Compliance. Acceptance and Support through National Authorities early in the Project Planning Phase required.
- High Degree of International Cooperation (ICDP) in best possible
 Science Teams with Educational Potential



Organizational Prerequisites

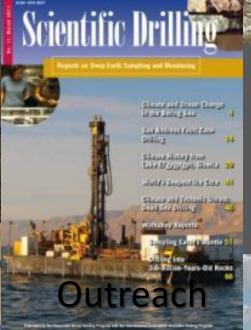
- Successfull application to ICDP plus other agencies to collect Commingled Funding / Cooperation with Industry
- Scientific Leadership and Team Building through Lead Pls
- Support from home institutes and National Acknowledgement
- Formation of a real Scientific Team with spirit and engagement
- Communication, Motivation and Planning Skills in PI Group and in the Scientific Team - Constant information, reminders, (re)commendations
- Experience with Drilling Projects or Large / International Projects
- Engineering Support "company man" and good relation to drilling contractors,
- Management Support a full time project / budget manager
- Sufficient Contingency Funding / Risk Management
- PERSISTENCE!

TAKE HOME MESSAGE

Activities of ICDP

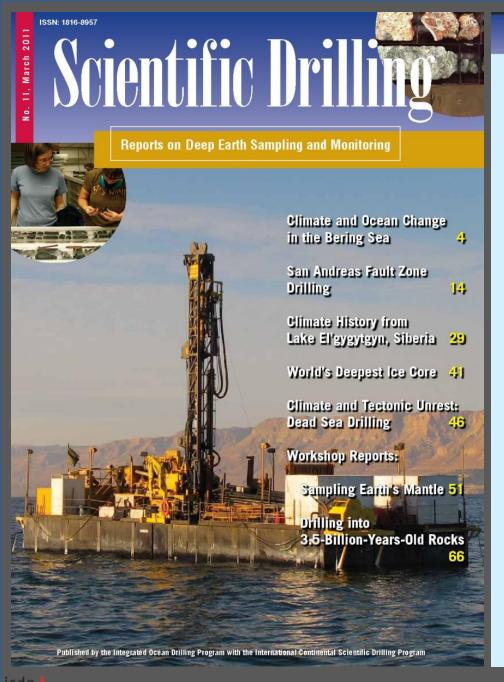












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IODP and ICDP Expedition Schedules

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Deutsches Forschungsbohrkonsortium

German Scientific
Earth Probing
Consortium
GESEP e.V.

Major Goals of GESEP

- pool expertise, foster exchange among scientists
- information platform
 - Know-how
 - funding possibilities
 - technical and logistical advice
- assistance in planning and conducting projects and site surveys
- assistance in the preparation of proposals
- support development of new instrumentation and technologies
- develop industrial cooperation, evaluate commercial bids
- outreach, education, training



GESEP Members

1.AWI, Bremerhaven

2.BGR, Hannover

3.FU Berlin

4.GFZ, Potsdam

5.IfM-GEOMAR

6.LIAG, Hannover

7.MARUM, Bremen

8.RWTH Aachen

9.TU Braunschweig

10.U Frankfurt

11.U Köln

12.U München

13.U Oldenburg

14.U Potsdam

15.U Jena

GESEP Project

- 1. Central Core Repository for Continental Cores
- 2. Related Data and Information System

to strengthen a unified data and sample availability



- odeep freeze at -80 °C
- oworking space for preparation
- olabs for analysis (MSCL, XRF, CT-Scanner)
- office space, seminar rooms

GESEP School

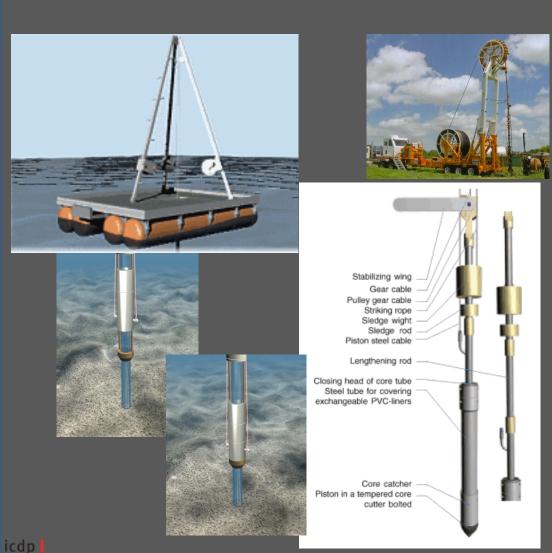
2.nd Half March 2013, Freiberg

Key Topic: Drilling Engineering





Workshop on Development of a Soft-Sediment Coring Tool





Thank You